Message from the Chair

Lyonette Louis-Jacques
University of Chicago Law Library

Years ago, I took a course in law library management with George Grossman, and one thing I learned from that course was to identify gaps in the literature for our field and try to fill them. So, at my first FCIL SIS meeting, if I remember correctly, I stood up and asked for more guides for new foreign law librarians. At that time, for information about the work of foreign law librarians and for finding out about legal resources of foreign countries and international organizations, there were articles in Law Library Journal and the International Journal of Legal Information, chapters in books such as How to Find the Law, Manual of Law Librarianship, and Law Librarianship: A Handbook, Charles Szladits's works, Adolf Sprudzs's treaty research publications, and formal training, as well as informal conversations with Dolf, Tim Kearley, Claire Germain, Dan Wade, etc. I think I wanted all this information in one source, a sort of handbook of foreign law librarianship.

I didn’t fully realize then, almost a decade ago, how busy we all were, how much work (albeit rewarding and challenging work) it was to be a professional librarian specializing in foreign, comparative, and international law. I also wasn’t fully aware of the quiet service being performed by members of our profession every day in spite of how busy they are. I will often see an article by an FCIL SIS member in a chapter newsletter, or see members’ names as speakers at local library association programs, or see their book reviews, bibliographies, or research guides in various journals. Some FCIL SIS members serve formally or informally as mentors for newer foreign law librarians and are always willing to help when needed. They might not be in the limelight, but they too serve our profession well.

And it is via the quiet service of dedicated members of our profession that we have new resources for foreign law librarianship such as Tom Reynolds and Arturo Flores’s Foreign Law: Current Sources of Codes and Legislation; Claire Germain’s revision with Charles Szladits of Guide to Foreign Legal Materials: French; Tim Kearley and Wolfram Fischer’s Charles Szladits’ Guide to Foreign Legal Materials: German; Germain’s Transnational Law Research; International Law: The Basics and Beyond; Training the Future Generation of Foreign Law Librarians: Introduction to Foreign Legal Systems; the INT-LAW list on listserv@vm1.spcs.umn.edu; the upcoming revision to Law Librarianship: A Handbook; and many other guides for foreign law librarians.

We still don’t have that one handbook on foreign law librarianship that I wished for almost a decade ago, but we have many more

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resources to make the work of foreign, comparative, and international law librarians easier, and we continue to have a network of some of the most wonderful colleagues a professional can have!

From the Editor

Reports of FCIL SIS activity at the Annual Meeting traditionally constitute much of the October issue of our newsletter. This issue is no exception. In addition to the minutes of the SIS business meeting, a number of committees and working groups have submitted reports on their activities during the past year. Since many of you do not have the opportunity to attend the business meeting, we are happy to publish these reports so you can learn what your SIS is doing. A special word of thanks goes to all the chairs, coordinators, and reporters who took the time to submit reports for the newsletter so the whole membership can keep abreast of the activities of the SIS.

Reports from Seattle are not the only items in this issue, however. Ellen Schaffer treats us to a description of the IALL summer course in The Hague. Janice Selberg continues her INT-LAW column, recapping some of the news and information available through that resource.

Mila Rush begins a new column in this issue, one devoted to news about our colleagues. This time she introduces us to two new librarians. In order for Mila to write this column, however, you need to let her know about your (or a colleague’s) activities.

Finally, if you would like to contribute an article or suggest a topic, please let the editor know. Remember, this is your newsletter.

ASIL Announces 1995 Meeting in New York

The American Society of International Law announces its 89th Annual Meeting to be held April 5 to 8, 1995, at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York City. The theme of the meeting is Structures of World Order.


Cross-cutting themes include: perspectives of world order, regional institutions, challenges and functions of international institutions, looking ahead to the United Nations’ second half-century.

For more information contact Melissa Scott, ASIL Meetings Manager, 2223 Massachusetts Ave., N.W., Washington, DC 20008-2864; phone 202-939-6020; fax 202-797-7133.
The annual business meeting of the Foreign, Comparative, and International Law Special Interest Section of the American Association of Law Libraries was convened at 4:10 p.m., July 10, 1994, by the outgoing Chair, Jonathan Pratter. Approximately 45 members were in attendance.

Jon introduced the incoming Chair, Lyonette Louis-Jacques, and the Secretary/Treasurer, Margareta Horiba. He characterized his own term as one of quietude and repose in contrast to the preceding activity and efficiency of Mila Rush and the anticipated energy of Lyonette.

The first order of business was to report that the election procedure for vice-chair/chair-elect by mail was invalid as a result of incomplete mailings sent out by AALL Headquarters. An estimated 100 members had not received the ballot. The nominee was Francisco Avalos of the University of Arizona Law Library. Jon announced that the election would take place during the business meeting. After a ten minute delay, during which members would have time to present further nominees to satisfy the clause for write-in candidates, Francisco Avalos was elected vice-chair/chair-elect by voice vote.

The reading of the minutes from the Boston meeting was dispensed with and approved as published in the May 1994 issue of FCIL Newsletter.

Jon said that the subcommittees of the FCIL SIS did not necessarily have to present oral reports at the annual meeting. In many cases they are instead published in the FCIL Newsletter. It is important, however, that reports be submitted in some form to show the complexities of the work that goes on.

Treasurer’s report. Margareta gave the treasurer’s report with the balance as of that day being $871.75 inclusive of known expenditures. She explained that the membership dues for 1994-95 will be credited after October 1, the beginning of the fiscal year, but will not be reported until January 27, 1995. SIS dues, $12 per year, are divided evenly between the specific SIS and the general AALL memberships. The previous problems with receiving current and accurate fund reports from Headquarters are hopefully on the mend. On January 31, 1994, the executive director of the AALL sent out a memorandum to SIS chairs and treasurers explaining new audit and reporting procedures.

The executive committee is facing substantial challenges leading up to the meeting in Pittsburgh. Jon reported on the National Conference on Legal Information that is scheduled for July 15-18, 1995, as an integral part of the Annual Meeting. The Sunday when FCIL members and working groups traditionally meet will be devoted to the National Conference. Speakers for the programs will also be delegates to the National Conference.

Special Committee to Develop Means to Coordinate Responses to Third-World Libraries’ Requests for American Legal Materials. Margaret Aycock, succeeding Susan van Syckel as chair, presented the report, which is published separately [see p. 11]. Jon mentioned that the committee was created with the first strategic plan of AALL and predicted that it may have a continued important role in connection with the new working group on
Eastern Europe and the former Soviet Union led by Radu Popa.

Special Committee to Design a Model Curriculum on Basic Legal and Library Concepts to Help Those Assigned Responsibility for Law Library Collections in Developing Countries. This committee did not meet and there was no report.

Clearinghouse for Internships and International Personnel Exchanges. Telle Zoller, chair, has continued and expanded on the survey of foreign law libraries willing to host visitors. Her report and the results of the expanded survey will be published in the newsletter [see p. 8].

FCIL Newsletter. Kenneth Rudolf, editor, extended special recognition to Janice Selberg and Carmen Valero, who assist with the newsletter. The incomplete mailing list from AALL Headquarters caused around 100 members not to receive the May 1994 issue of the newsletter. Contact Ken at Yale for a copy.

Education/Program Committee. Lyonette Louis-Jacques and Jolande Goldberg served as co-chairs. There is very much a question as to how the AALL Educational and Program committee deals with submitted programs, what criteria are used for ranking and selecting

FCIL SIS OFFICERS FOR 1994/95

- **Chair**
  Lyonette Louis-Jacques, University of Chicago
- **Vice-Chair/Chair-elect**
  Francisco Avalos, University of Arizona
- **Secretary/Treasurer**
  Margareta Horiba, Tulane University

Committee Chairs

Education/Program Committee
  Jolande Goldberg, Library of Congress
  Marci Hoffman, University of Minnesota

Publications Committee
  Grace Mills, University of California, Berkeley

Newsletter Editor
  Kenneth Rudolf, Yale University

Clearinghouse for Internships and International Personnel Exchanges
  Telle Zoller, University of Wisconsin

Special Committee on Materials for Third-World Libraries (AALL Strategy II.B.7)
  Margaret Aycock, University of Houston

Special Committee to Design a Model Curriculum for Librarians in Developing Countries (AALL Strategy II.B.8)
  Mary Ann Nelson, University of Texas

Committee on Self-Instructional Materials
  Bonnie Koneski-White, Western New England College

Working Group Coordinators

African Law Working Group
  Victor Essien, Fordham University

Asian Law Working Group
  Bill McCloy, University of Washington

CIS/East European Law Working Group
  Radu Popa, New York University

Electronic Issues Group
  Marylin Raisch, Columbia University

International Issues Working Group
  Ellen Schaffer, Georgetown University

International Organizations/Human Rights Sub-Group
  Wiltrud Harms, University of California, Berkeley

Latin American Law Working Group
  Jonathan Pratter, University of Texas

Processing Issues Working Group
  Sandy Beehler, Cornell University

Teaching Foreign and International Legal Research Working Group
  Christine Corcos, Case Western Reserve University
programs. To what extent should programs be cosponsored with other special interest sections? To what degree should institutes and programs focus on new librarians or more experienced librarians? Lyo suggested that there be a program on how to train librarians with more than five years’ experience. Jon thought that such a program should be part of the larger organization and that the working groups would be a better forum for more experienced librarians.

**Working Groups.** Jon announced the new working groups on East European law, on electronic issues, and on processing issues, formed to deal with specialized issues and sharing of information. Bill McCloy reminded anyone interested to come to the Asian Law Working Group and the Japanese legal history program. He also extended a welcome to visitors for a reception at the Gallagher Law Library on the University of Washington campus Tuesday evening.

In continuing the tradition started by Mila, Jon invited everyone to a small reception in honor of visiting librarians from abroad to follow the business meeting. The visitors were asked to introduce themselves. There were eight of them representing libraries in Canada, England, Australia, and New Zealand.

Kay Todd, AALL president, had telephoned to ask for an opinion on GLIN, the Global Library Information Network, and for help in identifying persons with linguistic skills who could participate in the expansion of the LC program. This is an ambitious project by the Library of Congress, and Jon felt that it deserves the support of the FCIL SIS. To define the role of our participation, he said, we must refer to the NLRC (National Legal Resources Council). Kathie Price summarized the previous effort at LC to index and abstract official gazettes in English as part of an Internet project. Mexico and Brazil currently send images over the telephone lines. It is not established where the project should be located. Dr. Rubens Medina, law librarian of Congress, who is in charge of the project, is trying to identify law schools interested in receiving imaging.

Jon then turned over the stewardship of the FCIL SIS to Lyo, who presented him with a small gift.

Under new business, Kathie Price brought up donations of books to developing countries and criticized irresponsible dumping of superseded and useless books. She suggested that we act in response to the needs expressed by the receiving countries or raise money instead of sending books. “This is a group that should not be imperialistic.” Lyo responded that we have a subcommittee working with these issues.

With no further business the meeting was adjourned at 5:15 p.m. and was followed by a small reception in honor of the visiting colleagues from abroad.

**CIS/East European Law Working Group**

*by Jeanne Rehberg*

*New York University Law Library*

Radu Popa of New York University Law Library moderated a meeting of the working group concerned with collection and research issues in the Commonwealth of Independent States and the countries of Central and Eastern Europe. The highlight of the meeting was a fascinating report from Kent McKeever of Columbia Law Library on his trip to Kazakhstan. There, he examined the status of legal research, scholarship, publishing, and current law-drafting efforts in support of the “rule of law.”

Other business consisted of information sharing, including the following [Disclaimer by the reporter: this information was current as of the time of the meeting; check with individual librarians for current status]:

1. The University of Chicago D’Angelo Law Library has exchange agreements with the national libraries of Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania.
2. The Congressional Research Service at...
the Library of Congress has exchanges with most of the national libraries in these countries, but most materials are in the vernacular only. CRS has a representative collecting materials in Moscow and works with blanket dealers in other countries.

3. Los Angeles County is collecting in these countries, with special emphasis on trade, investment, and corporate law, and mostly in the vernacular.

4. Maria Smolka-Day reported from her trip to Poland that there is increasing commercial activity and competition within Poland among domestic and foreign publishers, but we are not yet seeing the anticipated benefit of this activity outside of Eastern Europe. Maria noted new looseleafs in Polish, new periodicals, and new editions of the basic codes.

Teaching Foreign and International Legal Research Working Group
by Jeanne Rehberg
New York University Law Library

With Chris Corcos of Case Western Reserve serving as moderator, the Working Group on Teaching Foreign and International Legal Research met in Seattle to discuss methods for teaching United States legal research to foreign law students, experiences with upper-level foreign and international law courses, and ways to make our teaching materials available electronically.

Chris reported that Case Western Reserve is creating a hypertext/gopher site. All FCIL librarians are invited to submit guides, bibliographies, practice exercises, and other teaching materials for the site. Hypertext also allows us to load course syllabi and link them to the text of course readings. The site increases the potential for coordinating with other groups such as the Research Instruction Caucus of AALL, sponsor of the annual National Legal Research Teach-In. You may send materials to Chris in print or electronic format, but ASCII is preferred. Please contact Chris for more information.

Elena Gonzalez, librarian at the newly established Hostos Law School in Mayaguez, Puerto Rico, was a welcome contributor to the discussion on teaching American legal research skills to foreign students. Elena's school has encouraged her from the beginning to be involved with the teaching faculty in planning the curriculum of their new law school. In this way, she has had the opportunity, not always afforded to most of us, to tell the faculty whether the library can support a particular new course or not. If you are interested in contacting Elena, she can recommend legal research textbooks for teaching U.S. and Puerto Rican legal research to Spanish-speaking students, and she can provide copies of her own syllabus and exercises. Her address is Elena Gonzalez, Hostos Law School, P.O. Box 1900, Mayaguez, PR 00681.

Various members of the group reported that they are supporting upper-level courses, such as international environmental law, comparative civil procedure, and a seminar in the enforceability of the decisions of international tribunals. These efforts often result in an "inventory" of the library's collections of not only books, but also articles and chapters in books, to support highly specialized courses. Presenting a lecture in research methods is only the first step. The librarian often becomes a mediator between faculty and students as students refine their research topics to match the available resources.

Processing Issues Working Group
by Sandy Beehler
Cornell University Law Library

The annual meeting of the FCIL Working Group on Processing Issues was held on Sunday, July 10, at 8:30 a.m., with around eight members attending. There was a brief discussion about sharing local authorities work—who would participate and how it could be done.

Jolande Goldberg then described the new
“catalogers’ desktop” being developed at LC. It will contain LC rule interpretations, cataloging and classification manuals, and USMARC formats. She also noted that, now that JX is no longer being used, Berkeley and LC are working together on reclassifying all JX materials into JZ and KZ. Classification numbers will be available on CD-ROM and tapes only, with the paper version being produced every other year. Call number access to library materials could well replace subject access once the LC classification tables are more widely available. Public services librarians would have to be trained to use the tables—a possible program for AALL in the future.

The meeting ended with a proposal to add a column on technical processing to the FCIL Newsletter. Ken Rudolf, the editor, supports the idea. It was agreed that some of the information that appears in TSLL (the TS SIS newsletter) might be used. Jolande Goldberg suggested Aaron Kuperman, who works with her at LC, as a good person to write the column. She offered to ask him when she returns to Washington.

Electronic Issues Working Group
by Marylin J. Raisch
Columbia University School of Law Library

The meeting was moderated this year by Marylin Raisich, the author of this report, at the request of Lyonette Louis-Jacques; past moderators have been Lyonette and Paul Zarins of George Washington Law Center. The purpose of this working group is to discuss and assess the impact on international and foreign law research of electronic formats and the Internet.

I chose to begin the discussion with a brief description of steps taken this year at my institution, Columbia Law School Library, to involve the entire library staff in considering the impact of electronic sources. In particular, the library needed to look at user awareness of, and access to, material in electronic formats. While CD-ROM products can be cataloged (often as serials, with updates) and provided to users at a work station or via a local area network (LAN) as at Columbia, so-called “e-journals” and “e-texts” available via Internet pose a more difficult set of challenges.

A committee was set up at Columbia to consider several issues relating to electronic sources (excluding Lexis and Westlaw) of legal material, but using Lexis and Westlaw (and an earlier trial loading of records for one of these services onto the catalog) as a reference point.

Four main topics were discussed by the library staff: 1) electronic versions of, or access to, texts located at remote sites on the Internet (e.g., bibliographic recording and collection development issues); 2) enhancement of traditional tools of access, particularly the computerized card catalog; 3) scanning projects and the problems of copyright; and 4) training of faculty and students in the use of the Internet and other electronic databases.

The committee at Columbia made several recommendations to the group responsible for long-range library planning, and I shared some of these with the working group. One suggestion was that e-journals should be subscribed to very selectively and downloaded by a library staff member onto disk for ease and fairness of patron use (the LAN is only for our current faculty and students). Note of electronic texts or text copy, including the gopher or World-Wide Web site, should be made in the notes field of the bibliographic record. As for training, both group and one-to-one strategies were deemed necessary. Intellectual property issues remain under continuing careful consideration as the Janus scanning project goes forward at Columbia. There was an exchange of information about the publisher Basil Blackwell and its willingness to work with Innovative Interfaces to provide a link to a table of contents for its titles when a patron calls up that record. This is an enhancement our library has decided to try.

Several librarians described what their libraries are doing to provide similar kinds of
access to electronic materials. These strategies included downloading texts or journals to disk and creating MARC records for them. Use of this technique for certain types of materials as a preservation tool was also mentioned. The Library of Congress World Law Index project will go well, it is hoped, and provide foreign law in an electronic format that may increase its availability to a wide range of institutions and businesses via the Internet. The Index to Foreign Legal Periodicals is now available via RLG’s CitaDel.

The meeting was a productive exchange of information in this ever-changing area, but there was also a sense that available resources relevant to international and foreign law are becoming better known to librarians and more accessible to all users of electronic information.

Clearinghouse for Internships and International Personnel Exchanges
by Telle Zoller
University of Wisconsin Law Library

In 1993 Margareta Horiba initiated an international survey of law libraries willing to host exchanges or/and visitors. I expanded her survey and sent out over 100 questionnaires with the FCIL SIS brochure and my business card for a more personal touch. As the base for my selection of the institutions, I used the 1994 “World Law School Directory” volume of the Modern Legal System Cyclopedia. I selected larger law schools in all continents. They all had to 1) have a law librarian, 2) accept foreign students, 3) have advanced degrees in law. All in all, I sent 112 questionnaires early in 1994. So far I have received 11 responses. I was quite pleased with this number.

Last year I was contacted by two companies about posting job opportunities. One of them was with a major Washington D.C. law firm: a one-year appointment to set up a library in London. The other was a short-term technical assistance position to establish a Pilot Law and Democracy Resource Center in Kazakhstan. I posted these on Internet. I have no knowledge whether anyone was able to take advantage of these opportunities. I also posted two large scale placement information notices on INT-LAW. After all this activity on my part on INT-LAW, a few librarians looking for a job contacted me thinking that the Clearinghouse was a placement service. In the summer of 1994 a German library and information studies graduate was looking for an American academic library for a practicum in automation. I sent him the list of the U.S. libraries which had expressed willingness to host an intern. After a short while I received an E-mail message from him stating that he had found a place.

Committee members for the FCIL Clearinghouse in 1994-95 are Suzanne Thorpe (University of Minnesota Law Library), Catharine Krieps (University of Pennsylvania Law School, Biddle Law Library), and Telle Zoller, chair (University of Wisconsin Law Library).

Our discussion focused on three main topics:
1. Other avenues of locating possible institutions willing to host an exchange or a visitor.
2. Where we should publish results of the surveys to make these opportunities known to as many people as might be interested.
3. News-type information about FCIL Clearinghouse for non-library type of institutions.

The committee decided to contact Renate Weidinger in Germany to see if she would be willing to post the questionnaire on EUROLEX. This way we would also reach librarians and other information specialists who are not working in an academic setting (the focus of the survey so far).

We also decided to post information about the Clearinghouse activities on Internet to reach students of library and information sciences, a group more likely to be able to take time off for an educational opportunity like this.
Internet would also be an appropriate place to send out information on the Clearinghouse for the non-library type of institutions.

For results of the survey on U.S. institutions willing to host interns, contact Telle Zoller, University of Wisconsin Law Library, phone 608-262-7761, fax 608-262-2775, e-mail zoller@vms.macc.wisc.edu or zoller@wiscmacc (Bitnet).

CLEARINGHOUSE FOR INTERNSHIPS AND INTERNATIONAL PERSONNEL EXCHANGES

Results of Clearinghouse Survey on Exchanges and Visitors in Foreign Law Libraries

Of the 112 surveys mailed out to foreign law libraries, the Clearinghouse received eleven in return. Positive responses were received from eight. Three libraries sent their regrets.

A summary is given below of the responses indicating some options offered by these librarians. Interested individuals should address inquiries for more detailed information to the contact person at each library.

Information included:
1. Address of institution.
2. Phone and FAX number.
3. Name of contact person with phone and e-mail if any.
4. Willingness for an exchange or a visitor.
5. Length of time.
6. Salary or housing support.
7. Administrative support.
8. Primary duties.
9. Languages spoken on staff.
10. Concentration of collections.
11. Benefits from exchanges or visitors.
12. Experience with exchanges or visitors.

Responses from Foreign Libraries in 1994

College of Europe in Bruges (Belgium), Library. 1) Dyver 11, B-8000 Brugge, Belgium. 2) Phone: (+32) 50 335 334. Fax: (+32) 50 332 426. 3) Ms. Kris Clara, Head Librarian. 4) Visitor. 5) Three weeks to two months. 6) Housing. 7) Desk place and assigned duties; depends on experience. 8) Public services. 9) Dutch, French, English. 10) European integration. 12) The library has had many trainees from library schools.

Juridische Bibliotheek Jur.II, Juridische Bibliotheek Jur.St (Gravensteen). 1) Postbus 9520 2300 RA, Leiden, Nederland. 2) Phone: 071-277515. 3) Mr. J Bakker. 4) Exchange or visitor. 5) Three to six months. 6) Housing. 7) Desk place and assigned duties. 8) Technical services and optional. 9) Dutch and English. 10) Law; Dutch law, human rights. 11) Better contact with US law libraries. 12) No/a little experience. They have had visitors from Indonesia.

Hochschule St. Gallen for Business Administration, Economic, Law and Social Sciences, Library. 1) Dufourstrasse 50, CH-9000 St. Gallen, Switzerland. 2) Phone: +4171/30 22 70. 3) Xavier Baumgartner. Phone: +4171/30 22 71. E-mail: baumgarter@scol1.unisg.ch 4) Exchange and visitor. 5) One month. 6) Housing. 7) Supervisor/mentor. 8) Optional. 9) German and English. 10) Business administration, economics, Swiss and German laws. 11) Different background and personal relationship. 12) A visitor from Japan, trainees from Switzerland and Germany. Expecting visitors from Helsinki Business School.

Faculdade de Direito da Universidade de Lisboa, Biblioteca. 1) Almeda da Universidade, 1699 Lisboa Codex, Portugal. 2) Phone: 797 7051, ext. 204/205. Fax: 795 0303. 3) Mr. Jose L. S. Antunes, Librarian. 4) Exchange and visitor. 5) One to four weeks. 6) No support. 7) Supervisor/mentor, desk place, and assigned duties. 8) Optional. 9) Portuguese, English, French. 10) All areas of law. 11) To exchange other points of view and experiences. 12) Erasmus project, from Sweden and France.
Glasgow University Library. 1) Hillhead Street, Glasgow, G12 8QG. 2) Phone: 041-339-8855, ext.6722. 3) Mrs. Heather Worlledge-Andrew. E-mail: gxlr3O@uk.ac.glasgow.cms 4) Exchange or visitor. 5) Two or three weeks. 6) Housing, possibly. 7) Supervisor/mentor, sharing office of mentor. 8) Public services. 9) Multi-lingual staff overall, but law librarian speaks only English. 10) European law, history of law with a good general law collection. 11) Insight into different work practices, learn of overseas sources, and gain a fresh perspective on their own collection. 12) Much experience with visitors. Any visitors would be welcomed, but the number of them and time span would be restricted due to housing limitation.

European University Institute, Badia Fiesolana, Library. 1) Via dei Roccettini, 9, 50016 San Domenico di Fiesole (FI), Italy. 2) Phone: (055)4685-340. FAX: (055) 4685-283. 3) Ms. Machteld Nijsten. Phone: (055) 4685-278. E-mail: nijsten@datacomm.iue.it 4) They would like to start with a visitor and envisage an exchange for a later period. 5) One to two months. 6) No support. But they help find accommodation. 7) Supervisor/mentor, desk place, and assigned duties. 8) Optional. 9) English, French, German, Italian, Dutch. 10) Almost exclusively in the field of social science, particularly law, economics, political science, sociology, and history. 11) Their law collection could benefit very much from the advice of a specialized librarian, especially in the field of comparative law and the law of the European Communities. 12) The EUI Library has hosted a considerable number of visitors from EC countries. Normally these visitors have worked in various sections of the library and have acquired considerable experience in working with the advanced technical facilities offered by the library.

University of Sydney, Library. 1) University of Sydney, NSW 2006, Australia. 2) Phone: (02)692-4294. Fax: (02)692-2890. 3) Kerry Taylor. E-mail: kerry@exho.ucc.su.oz.au 4) Exchange or visitor. 5) Six to twelve months. 6) No support. 7) Supervisor/mentor, desk place, and assigned duties. 8) Optional. 9) English. 10) Academic research collection. 11) Exposure to new ideas and work methods. 12) Six to twelve months exchange/internship students or librarians. They have requests for exchange on a regular basis from a wide variety of countries. Their exchange program is well established.

Universität Giessen, Juristisches Seminar. 1) Licher Strasse 68, 35394 Giessen. 2) Phone: 0641-702-5070/5005. Fax: 0641-702-5097. 3) Prof. Dr. Diethelm Klippel. They will send questionnaire back soon and hope to be exchanging library personnel.

Universitätsbibliothek Innsbruck. 1) A-6010 Innsbruck, Innrain 50. 2) Phone: (0512) 507-2070. Fax: (0512) 507-2307.

Responses from Foreign Libraries in 1993

International Institute for the Unification of Private Law (UNIDROIT). 1) Via Panisperna 28, 00184 Rome, Italy. 3) Dr. Walter Rodino, Librarian. 4) Exchange or visitor. 5) No time limit. 7) Supervisor, desk place, and assigned duties. 8) Technical services. 9) Italian, English, French. 10) Private law, commercial law, international private law, international trade law, private comparative law. 11) Staff shortage, visitor would be helpful. 12) No experience with visitors.

University of Uppsala. Law Library. Juridiska Institutionen. 1) Bos 512, S-75120 Uppsala, Sweden. 3) Birgitta Kohler. 4) Exchange or visitor. 5) Negotiate time. 6) Help to find housing. Perhaps some financial support. 7) Supervisor, desk place, and assigned duties. 8) Optional. 9) Swedish and English. 11) Would like to develop personal and professional relationships with foreign law librarians and to get help to use foreign mater-
Position Available at Cornell Law Library

Position: Reference Librarian, Cornell Law Library.

This new vacancy offers the opportunity to work with an outstanding international and foreign law collection, and expand electronic access to worldwide legal information sources.

Cornell University is located in scenic Ithaca on a hill above Cayuga Lake in the Finger Lakes region of upstate New York. The town and university combine to offer a unique cosmopolitan and international atmosphere in a beautiful natural setting of waterfalls, gorges, and lakes. The Law School has 560 J.D. students, 55 international LL.M. students, 35 full-time faculty, and is the home of the Legal Information Institute. The Law Library houses over 535,000 volumes and equivalents, and is connected to the law school computer network. A challenging environment, which promotes the use of new technologies, combines with a tradition of excellent reference service. Eight professional librarians and fifteen support staff work closely with the Law School and with the University Library.

Responsibilities: The Reference Librarian is a member of the Public Services team and provides extensive reference and research service in Anglo-American, international, and foreign law, primarily to the law school and university communities. Depending on qualifications and interest, the position may have responsibility for foreign and international law services and collection building. The Reference Librarian is an instructor in the first year legal research course, conducts research seminars, prepares bibliographies and library guides, and participates in collection development. Regular evening and periodic weekend reference hours. Cornell is a leader in legal information resources online, with opportunities for innovative teaching and research development. Professional development activities highly encouraged.

Qualifications: Required: M.L.S. or equivalent graduate degree; J.D. from ABA accredited school; strong service orientation; knowledge of legal bibliography; proficiency in searching online databases; working knowledge of current information technologies; excellent written and oral communication and interpersonal skills. Preferred: 1-3 years relevant experience; teaching experience; foreign language skills; experience or interest in foreign and international law.

Salary: Commensurate with experience.
Closing Date: January 31, 1995, but applications will be accepted until position is filled.
Apply to: Bernadette Heath, Assistant to Library Human Resources Director, 235 Olin Library, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY 14853-5301.

Send cover letter and resume with names, addresses, and phone numbers of three references.

For more information: Pat Court, Head of Public Services, telephone 607-255-5853, Internet: Pat@Law.Mail.Cornell.Edu.


Cornell University is an Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer.
Special Committee on Materials for Third-World Libraries
by Susan Van Syckel
McGeorge School of Law Library

The Special Committee to Develop Means to Coordinate Responses to Third-World Libraries’ Requests for American Legal Materials (AALL Strategy II.B.7), formed in June of 1992, currently has five members representing private firm and academic law libraries in Texas, Massachusetts, California, Kentucky, and Washington, D.C. The committee understood its charge to be: 1) to advise AALL (through the FCIL Special Interest Section) about its potential roles in responding to requests from academic libraries in developing countries for U.S. law books; 2) to recommend (on the basis of fact-finding) which of these roles is most appropriate/realistic; and 3) to suggest and (with the approval of the Special Interest Section members) to undertake implementation strategies. Initially, the committee identified three possible roles for AALL (from most to least ambitious/costly):

1. A Clearinghouse. AALL would collect books, coordinate and underwrite the cost of shipping them abroad, determine allocation of books (what library gets what).
2. A Resource and Referral Service. AALL matches donor and recipient libraries with resource materials addressing funding sources, shipping costs/logistics, criteria for selection of books and materials; AALL maintains various directories of foundations and organizations involved in distributing books to libraries abroad for dissemination to interested parties.
3. A Handbook/Guide. AALL provides its membership with a written guide suggesting procedures/resources for individual law libraries in the U.S. wishing to establish linkages with individual libraries abroad.
4. Joint Venture. AALL undertakes any of the above in collaboration with other associations of library/law school professionals.

Last year, the special committee recommended to the AALL Foreign, Comparative, and International Law Special Interest Section (FCIL) that the committee continue its work for an additional year in order to collaborate with the International Relations Committee of the Association of College and Research Libraries (ACRL) in the development of resource materials and selection criteria for libraries interested in donating books abroad. The special committee had established liaison with this body and was already exchanging information. The special committee also wished to continue liaison with the LAWS Project and ABA’s CEELI Project: both projects intended to distribute donated U.S. law books/materials to libraries and information centers in emerging Central and Eastern European countries. The special committee now requests FCIL approval for continuing its work with these organizations over the next year and, with reference to the options above, makes the following specific recommendations:

AALL as Clearinghouse. This would be a costly and unnecessary undertaking. There are roughly three dozen major U.S. private, voluntary organizations already engaged in acquiring and distributing American donated books abroad. A few ship worldwide, most serve targeted areas, and some provide
assistance/guidance in identifying potential recipients and in selecting appropriate titles (i.e., function as clearinghouses). These organizations have the capability to store and ship large quantities of books (thereby mitigating cost), and some will incorporate or "piggyback" smaller collections of library books destined for libraries abroad. There are drawbacks in relying on these organizations: books can be held in storage for some time, and it may be several months before books transported by these organizations reach their destinations. Often, these organizations ship to dockside only—overland transport must be provided by the recipient library. These organizations do not have the expertise to advise potential donors about selection of law books/materials.

A more appropriate role for AALL would be that of facilitator: to make potential donors and recipients aware of these organizations—their services and shortcomings—and to provide information and liaison services that would mitigate the shortcomings (see discussion of "AALL as Resource and Referral Service" below). More importantly, AALL could provide AALL donor libraries with guidelines for selection of materials and could facilitate establishment of "twinning" relationships between donor and recipient libraries. The literature addressing book donations abroad suggests that the most successful book donation programs involve recipients in the selection process.

AALL as Resource and Referral Service.
The special committee recommends that AALL consider providing referral services, i.e., matching donor and recipients libraries. This could be facilitated with maintenance of an online database at AALL Headquarters or at an AALL member site. A special committee member is interested in developing such a database. Further, the committee recommends AALL act as resource to potential donor and recipient libraries by:

1) maintaining a current directory/database of foundations and organizations involved in underwriting, or actually undertaking, the distribution of books to libraries abroad (some of this data has already been collected);

2) providing AALL publications that incorporate this data along with guidelines for libraries interested in "twinning" relationships with libraries abroad (this work is partially completed—see discussion of "AALL as Publisher of Handbook" below);

3) developing and disseminating criteria for the selection of law books/materials to be donated to libraries abroad. A special committee member has already established liaison with the ABA's CEELI Project and is prepared to collaborate with them in the development of criteria for selection of materials to be provided to law libraries/information centers in emerging Central and Eastern European countries. This would necessitate adding members to the special committee to provide the requisite expertise—some prospective members have already been identified. Some attention would also need to be given to assure that intended or potential recipients have some input in determining selection criteria.

AALL as Publisher of Handbook. The special committee has sufficient information (thanks in part to work already done by the International Relations Committee of ACRL) to prepare a handbook for AALL members and potential recipient libraries. The special committee recommends that consideration be given to two publications:

1) an 8- to 10-page pamphlet to be published as an insert in the AALL Newsletter with a brief discussion of the required resources and the logistics of donating books abroad along with a listing of organizations that provide assistance with funding or distribution (this would help publicize the need for donated books as well);

2) a more ambitious 20- to 50-page handbook or manual for distribution to AALL members interested in becoming donor libraries
and to libraries abroad who seek AALL assistance in obtaining U.S. law books. Such a handbook could contain, e.g., a listing of funding and book distribution organizations; guidelines for establishing library “twinning” relationships; bibliography of other sources/publications; mention of additional assistance available from AALL (referral services, provision of guidelines/criteria for selection of materials). A special committee member is prepared to assume responsibility for producing these publications.

**AALL as Partner in Joint Venture.** All of the above activities entail collaboration with other organizations/professional associations. Continued cooperation is recommended.

Should the FCIL approve continuation of the special committee, committee member Margaret Aycock at the University of Houston Law Library is prepared to assume the position of chair, and all current members will remain on the committee. Other committee members are Ernestine Chipman, Hazel Inglis, and Susan Van Syckel.

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**Help Create an FCIL Community**

The FCIL SIS is a close-knit community that is widely scattered geographically. Often the only time we can be in touch with our friends is during the Annual Meeting, but all of us can’t always attend. Keep in touch through the FCIL Newsletter. Mila Rush is writing a column about FCIL members and their professional activities (see page 19), but she needs your help. Tell her what you (or your colleagues) have been doing lately, so she can share it with the rest of us. Call 612-625-0793; fax 612-625-3478; or e-mail her at m-rush@vm1.spcs.umn.edu.

We want to hear from you!

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**Index to Foreign Legal Periodicals Advisory Committee**

by Dan Wade
Yale Law School Library

The Editorial Advisory Committee for the *Index to Foreign Legal Periodicals* welcomed two new members, Claire Lee of the University of Minnesota Law Library and Judy Stinson of the Washington and Lee School of Law Library, at its meeting in Seattle on July 10. Tom Reynolds, *IFLP* general editor, informed the committee that the index is now available and regularly updated on RLIN’s CitaDel and is also available on CD-ROM from Silver-Platter. West is working to add it to Westlaw. In time Innovative may be able to make it available on its online library catalogs.

Because alternate indices are already available, the committee decided to cease the indexing of Japanese legal periodicals in the vernacular. The foreign law librarians at the University of Washington had been doing this in the past. The indexing will terminate with issue 1994:2.

The committee agreed to add the following journals to the indexed journals: *American Review of International Arbitration*, *Anuario mexicano de historia del derecho*, *East African Journal of Peace and Human Rights*, *Italian Yearbook of Civil Procedure*, *Maastricht Journal of European and Comparative Law*, *Spanish Yearbook of International Law*, *Tilburg Foreign Law Review*, *Wirtschaft und Recht in Osteuropa*, *Zbornik znanstvenih razprav* (a yearbook from the law faculty of the University of Ljubljana), and *Zeitschrift für europäisches Privatrecht*.

Finally, the committee concurred with the general editor’s suggestion to add three new subject headings: European Free Trade Association, European Economic Area, and European Union. The general editor said he would welcome further suggestions for heading changes by the readership.
INTERNATIONAL (COMMERCIAL) ARBITRATION
AND LAW LIBRARIES: A VIEW FROM THE HAGUE

by Ellen G. Schaffer
Georgetown University Law Center Library

During this summer's American Association of Law Libraries' meeting in Seattle, I found myself caught up in the enthusiasm of colleagues who were planning to attend the International Association of Law Libraries' meeting at The Hague in September. Even though I have been an international law librarian for over eleven years, I had never attended one of IALL's meetings. This time, though, the location was too enticing to ignore! So, figuring nothing ventured, nothing gained, I decided to ask, and my request was approved. As a first-time participant, I would like to share some of my reactions and experiences with you.

First of all, I want to say that the program was successfully and thoughtfully organized by Jan de Jongh and his colleagues from the T.M.C. Asser Instituut and The Hague Academy of International Law. Officially, we were thoroughly introduced to the subject of international commercial arbitration and law libraries in the Netherlands, but the program provided much more than that.

Our meetings were held at The Hague Academy of International Law, which is located on the grounds of the International Court of Justice at the Peace Palace. After I walked through the gates at the International Court of Justice, explored the gardens, and toured the court itself, I felt that my airfare had been worthwhile! We all know that one of the principal benefits derived from attending meetings is the opportunity to meet colleagues and make contacts. The IALL meeting provided me with the chance to meet colleagues from all corners of the world, perhaps similar to having a person-to-person INT-LAW!

As for substance, there were very informative sessions on the international arbitration of the Permanent Court of Arbitration, the Iran-U.S. Claims Tribunal, the International Chamber of Commerce, the International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes, UNCITRAL, and UNIDROIT, to mention a few highlights. There was also the opportunity to choose to tour one of the following: The Hague Conference on Private International Law, the T.M.C. Asser Instituut, the Parliament, or the Museum Meermanno Westreenianum.

Lest you think we spent all of our time in meetings or on tours of libraries, research institutes, or relevant other locations, I must admit that we were well wined and dined. The last day of the meeting was a special one for everyone. We were treated to a tour of Loevestein Castle, the 14th-century castle where Hugo de Groot was held prisoner from 1619 until 1621, when he escaped in a book chest! That alone would have been memorable, but our hosts then took us by boat to a lovely restaurant for lunch and then by boat again through the Biesbosch to see windmills.

The day before I left for Europe, I had a reference question from one of our students who was checking citations for a Georgetown law journal. He needed a copy of a preliminary document from a working group of The Hague Conference on Private International Law. He probably thought I was joking when I said I would go to The Hague to obtain the copy for him and that he should come back in ten days. I was able to do just that! I went on the tour of The Hague Conference on Private International Law and requested a copy of the document, which I hand carried back with me. Now, how's that for service? So, when your institutions question the validity of sending you to an International Association of Law Libraries' meeting, you can tell them truthfully that your public service can only improve with your participation!
Mark your calendars now: next year’s meeting will be in Vienna from Sept. 18 to 21, 1995. The meeting’s theme is Current Trends in International Law: A Challenge for Law Libraries. Bridget Reischer from Harvard Law School Library is planning the conference. Some of the tentative programs she has planned are a session on the harmonization of European Union law, current developments in Central European law, legal issues affecting United Nations organizations headquartered in Vienna, and a trip to the Parliament in Bratislava, Slovakia. I hope that many of you will consider attending; I can enthusiastically say that it was worth the time, money, effort and jet lag!

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**What’s New on INT-LAW**

by Janice Selberg
Wayne State University Law Library

**International Law Careers**

Law Students often ask about careers in international law. A recent message from Lyonette Louis Jacques of the University of Chicago summed up recent publications.

**Lyonette Louis-Jacques, University of Chicago, June 29, 1994:** There is a new book out that looks like it might be useful for students considering careers in international law: Stacy M. DeBroff and Dana J. Bullwinkel, Harvard Law School’s Handbook on Public International Work: A 1994 Guide to Domestic and Overseas Public International Opportunities (Public Interest Advising Office, Harvard Law School, Pound Hall 328, Cambridge, MA 02138, 617-495-3108). It’s about 80 pages long and has a little advice and some addresses and descriptions of key organizations to contact.

Some other new sources (which I might have mentioned on INT-LAW before):
- American Society of International Law, 1993 Membership Directory
- Kime’s 1993-1994 International Law Directory (has for each country info about the legal system, professional education, address of bar associations, and for some, info re enforcement of foreign judgments, and directory info for some firms)
- Careers in International Affairs (Georgetown University School of Foreign Service, 1991)
- Global Directory of Schools of Law Outside the United States of America (1992)

Let me know if there are any other new (1993 to present) useful sources for persons interested in international law careers (including foreign law librarianship). I’m also interested in any journal articles such as the one we were alerted to before, the symposium in the Oregon Law Review on “Winds of Change—A Global Look at Legal Education” (v. 72, pp. 941-1018 (1993)).

**Status of BOSNET**

Earlier this summer, I inquired about the status of Bosnet on behalf of a group of attorneys representing Bosnian refugees pro bono. The address I was given seemed to be in error. After inquiring on INT-LAW, I found that address had changed. Below is the most recent information.
Nermin Zukic, BosNet moderator, July 5, 1994 (posted on INT-LAW by Lyonette Louis-Jacques, University of Chicago, August 23, 1994): For several weeks I have been having delays/problems with BosNet distribution, mostly due to the hardware/software limitations at the host site.

Yesterday, I was informed by my sys-admin that BosNet can not be distributed from cu23.crl.aecl.ca any longer. This is one of our last “broadcasts” in this form.

We are in the process of finding/evaluating temporary and permanent alternatives. Effort will be made to minimize problems during this transition period. At this point, no action is required on your part.

In the meantime, BosNet will be posted on soc.culture.bosna-herzegovna, soc.culture.europe, and alt.politics.clinton.

I regret any inconveniences this may have caused.

Formation of LEX.NET

Joelle Savean, Oct. 2, 1994: lex.net announced today the formation of the lex.net legal network.

What is lex.net?

lex.net is the legal network of the Internet. lex.net provides network access to international legal experts around the world. In particular, lex.net assists legal scholars and advisors in various fields of international law to communicate and to share information about issues of mutual concern.

What is the purpose of lex.net?

The purpose of lex.net is to facilitate communication among those who need legal information and those who have it. It functions as a virtual library: it serves as a library of computer and individual resources about international law. In part, lex.net provides access to computers which have compilations of data. Of even more significance, however, lex.net provides access to individuals who have expertise and experience in areas of international law.

How will lex.net benefit international and legal scholars and advisers?

lex.net has undertaken the responsibility to establish and maintain the List of International Legal Advisors (LILA). (Further information about LILA may be obtained from the message “LILA Background.”) Upon its completion, lex.net will provide access to LILA through the World-Wide Web and anonymous FTP.

lex.net will also assist in the establishment and maintenance of private newsletters, mailing lists, and discussion groups to assist international legal scholars and advisors worldwide.

For additional information?

For additional information, please contact the lex.net librarian, Joelle Savean, at librarian@lex.net.

Permanent War Crimes Tribunal

Sushila Selness, Oct. 3, 1994: One of our students is doing research on International Law issues related to the creation of a permanent (standing) tribunal on dealing with war crimes (similar to those of former Yugoslavia). He is particularly interested in any discussions regarding how to reconcile differences in laws of common vs civil law countries. Can any one on the list recommend documents, secondary sources or anything in print that he can use?

Prof. William T. Pizzi, University of Colorado School of Law, Oct. 4, 1994: I recently came across a symposium on the issues surrounding a possible international war crimes tribunal in the 1994 issue of the Pace Journal of International Law. There were all kinds of articles on the topic, and I think that if you could get that issue it would be a nice start for your student. As far as the procedures that will be used—will they tend to be closer to those used in civil law countries or those used in adversarial system countries?—I have been told by international law experts that they will be closer to those in civil law countries. But international law is not a subject I know
much about. I hope this is helpful.

Wiltrud Harms, University of California, Oct. 4, 1994: If your student is interested in an international criminal court which would deal with war crimes and other crimes “against the peace and security of mankind”: the International Law Commission adopted a draft statute for such a court at its 1994 session. As mentioned before on INT-LAW, the ILC’s report can be expected in October/November but there is a U.N. press release that summarizes its work on the topic very briefly (see U.N. press release L/2684 of 25 July 1994, contained in the L/series of the press releases offered by the UNDP gopher (gopher gopher.undp.org 70)).

When I helped a Boalt student with a similar research question some time ago, we found U.N. document A/CONF.157/PC/62/Add.17 of 3 June 1993, a position paper on “The Establishment of a Permanent International Penal Court” submitted by the International Commission of Jurists to the World Conference on Human Rights. Our student also looked at a 1987 book by Cherif Bassiouni, A draft international criminal code and draft statute for an international criminal tribunal (492 pages with a comprehensive bibliography). The U.N. General Assembly will consider the topic at its present session. It adopted a resolution (A/RES/48/31) on Dec. 9, 1993, which mentions the work of the ILC on the draft statute and the relevant discussions of the G.A.’s Sixth Committee in operative para. 6 plus its introductory paragraphs. Let me know if you need more info re these documents.

Elliot C. Chabot, Legal Support Project Leader, U.S. House of Representatives, Oct. 5, 1994: You might try “War Crimes in Yugoslavia and the Development of International Law” by Theodor Meron, which is available on the Internet (by gopher) at: gopher.internet.com (port 2100) 0/collected/ajil/Archive/010194.1

Administrative Note

Milagros Rush, INT-LAW moderator, University of Minnesota, Oct. 6, 1994: I want to remind you that the following are some of the types of messages that must not be posted on INT-LAW:
1. commercial messages, advertisements of your products, and the like.
2. junk mail.
3. personal mail.
4. “how are you,” “send me your e-mail address,” and similar casual messages.
5. job solicitations.

INT-LAW is supported by the University of Minnesota and was created with the idea that it is to support educational purposes. Those listed are not in conformance with these purposes. Thank you for your cooperation.

NAFTA on CD-ROM

June Mac Leod, Gray Cary Ware & Freidenrich, Oct. 6, 1994: Does anyone have knowledge of CD-ROM packages that contain NAFTA and tariff schedules? Please advise. Thank you.

James P. Duffy III, Mineola, N.Y., Oct. 7, 1994: There is a company in Califonia that I believe is called Young Minds that has NAFTA on CD-ROM. I have the disk in NY where I will be in a few days; so, I can not check it now to see if it has the schedules you want. If you cannot locate what you want by Tuesday, send me a message, and I will give you the details on how to get the disk this firm offers.

Daniel Charterhaus, Oct. 8, 1994: If you all need the NAFTA agreement in Spanish, we have it. We have it in CD-ROM, disk (IBM and Mac), floppy, and in its original paper bound form. Call if you need it at 214-324-4984. We will only charge S&H fees from Mexico City to destination as long as it is used for educational purposes.
Artukovic Trial

Katherine Topulos, Duke University, Oct. 7, 1994: I have been trying without success to find reports of the judgment in the trial of Andrija Artukovic who was convicted of mass murder and sentenced to death by the district court of Zagreb in May 1986 for his role in the killing of hundreds of thousands of people while he was minister of the interior in the Nazi puppet government of Croatia during WWII. Later that year both the Supreme Court of Croatia and the Yugoslav Federal Court rejected his appeals (he died in prison in 1988).

We don’t receive Yugoslav reporters here; I was unable to find reports of the trial in other sources (such as International Law Reports). I realize that it’s highly unlikely that there would be a report of the case at the trial level; however, it was an important and much reported trial. TIA

George Jacobsen, Louisiana State University, Oct. 7, 1994: The following publication, although in Serbo-Croatian, should be of interest:


Note: Trial held at the Okruzni sud in Zagreb, Apr. 15-May 14, 1986.

Otherwise, the press coverage on Lexis is considerable.

Law Degree for Foreign Diplomat

Linda Karr O’Connor, Cornell University, Oct. 10, 1994: Does anyone know of a law school where a foreign diplomat with a degree in international relations (but no law degree) can pursue a one year course of study leading to an LL.M. or other law degree?

Christine A. Corcos, Case Western Reserve University, Oct. 11, 1994: CWRU Law School has a one-year LL.M. program for foreign lawyers and accepts foreign-trained students without a law degree. The director of the program is Professor Lewis R. Katz (e-mail lrk@po.cwru.edu; phone 216-368-3287; street address CWRU Law School, 11075 East Boulevard, Cleveland OH 44106).

Swedish Corporal Punishment Law

Scott Livingston, Detroit College of Law, Oct. 12, 1994: I have a patron who is looking for a recently (?) enacted Swedish law which prohibits parents from using corporal punishment on their children. Any leads on this would be greatly appreciated. Thanks in advance!

Wiltrud Harms, University of California, Oct. 12, 1994: According to U.N. Doc. CRC/C/3/Add.1, page 16, the Swedish Code of Parenthood and Guardianship, chapter 6, section 1 lays down as follows:

"... A child shall be treated with respect for his person and individuality and may not be subjected to corporal punishment or any other offensive treatment. . . ."


Your question is a good example for demonstrating that certain U.N. document series are great sources for foreign law information re topics that fall under the umbrella of human rights. Those who have access to the RLIN database can find documents such as these by using the same subject headings used by the U.N. main bibliographical tool, UNDOC: Current Index. Almost always the title of these reports begin with “Consideration of reports submitted by States Parties . . .” and the pertaining country is used as a subject phrase.

In your case, the following RLIN search retrieves three records of which the second one is the citation of Sweden’s report: fin tp
consideration# and sp sweden and rights of the child


What's Happening with SIS Members
by Mila Rush
University of Minnesota Law Library

This initiates a column in this newsletter that will cover FCIL SIS members’ comings and goings—both in terms of employment and in terms of foreign travel for professional reasons. Attempts at something similar (though of lesser scope) have been made in the past (see the March 1988 and October 1989 issues). This time around, the scope is widened to include foreign travel, and we are more optimistic that you will feed us plenty of materials to keep the column going.

With all the options and the ease available to transmit information, I hope to be flooded with news about our members’ comings and goings. I will prefer e-mail, but will accept anything besides. You can also just give me tips about members other than yourself, and I’ll do the follow-up—I want to get permission from the subjects of the news items anyway.

In this inaugural column, we welcome two members to the foreign, comparative, and international law librarianship field: Michael Estle and Jonathan Franklin.

**Michael L. Estle** joined the William M. Rains Library at Loyola Law School in August as special collections librarian. His primary responsibility in this multi-faceted position is to carry on reference and collection development in foreign, comparative, and international law. He is also in charge of rare books and archives, and supervises a special collections assistant (who catalogs the archives and also helps out in reference and interlibrary loan). Michael also performs general reference work and teaches two sections of the first-year legal research class.

Michael comes to the field of foreign, comparative and international law librarianship with a very strong background. He has an A.B. in comparative government from Harvard (1988), a J.D. (Dec. 1991) and an M.L.S. (1994) from Indiana University, Bloomington. He spent the 1990-91 academic year at the University of Paris XI (Paris-Sud) where he obtained a Certificat d'études juridiques françaises. He took courses in West European history at the graduate school of Indiana University.

Did you say the only available text on a certain topic is not in English? "Not to worry." Michael studied French at the Sorbonne, Spanish at the Universidad Catolica del Ecuador in Quito, and German in Graz, Austria. He has also taken Russian and Uzbek in the Indiana University Russian and East European Institute’s summer intensive workshops.

While awaiting membership information for the FCIL SIS, he has joined AALL. He promises to become active in the SIS eventually. (By the way, he has been an INT-LAW subscriber even while he was at Indiana.) He is a member of the American Bar Association and its Section on International Law and Practice. Throw in there: membership in the Indiana Bar.

On **Jonathan Franklin**’s first day at work at the University of Michigan, I asked him to supply me some information about him so I could include him in this column in this issue.
He obligingly did, at the same time proclaiming that he didn’t have much to say on this his first week. Fortunately, I had met him in Seattle and, fortuitously, found out a few things about him.

Those of you who attended the President’s Luncheon in Seattle may remember a Jonathan Franklin, who was called up on stage to receive the Call for Papers award in the Student Division. That was him alright. His paper is entitled “One Piece of the Collection Development Puzzle: Issues in Drafting Format Selection Guidelines.”

Could the research and the thinking he did for this paper have anything to do with the job that he had lined up months ago? I did not ask, but he started work at the University of Michigan on October 10 as the foreign and comparative law selector and reference librarian.

Jonathan received his J.D. from Stanford and his M.Libr. from the University of Washington. But law is only one facet of Jonathan’s interests. He also graduated from Stanford with a B.A. in modern architecture and computer music and with an M.A. in anthropology. His previous work and travel experiences include working in the Tribal Art Department at Christie’s (yes, the auction house) in London and for an African art dealer in Brussels. He says his French was passable before law school, but wilted from disuse.

This summer, Jonathan was juggling his hours between attending library school classes and attending sessions (and selling drink tickets) at the International Law Institute. The following week he was attending business meetings and program sessions during the Annual Meeting. He proceeded to Minnesota where he spent his internship at West Publishing designing a key number tutorial for the Westlaw documentation division, as well as spending time in the editorial department.

While in Minnesota, he also made visits to the University of Minnesota Law Library.

Maria Smolka-Day (University of Pennsylvania) spent a four-week vacation early this summer visiting Poland, her homeland. While in Lublin, she paid a visit to the law school where she had been a student and a teacher for several years. There, she addressed the university librarians on recent developments in American libraries. She also visited the Parliamentary Library, the Ombudsman’s Office, and several book distributors in Warsaw.

Kenneth Rudolf (Yale University) spent the month of May traveling to Santiago, Chile, and Buenos Aires, Argentina, to serve as a library consultant to three institutions in these cities which are participating in a USAID-funded linkage program with Yale Law School.

The three institutions that Ken visited were: 1) the Facultad de Derecho at the Universidad de Chile (Santiago), which has just inaugurated a graduate program in law 2) the Escuela de Derecho at the Universidad Diego Portales (Santiago); and 3) the Centro de Estudios Internacionales (Buenos Aires) which was in the process of affiliating with the Universidad Diego Portales. The libraries of these institutions ranged from very large (with closed stacks and poor organization) to small but technically up-to-date collections.

Ken also had a chance to tour the law libraries at the Universidad de Buenos Aires and the Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile in Santiago.